

# TECO DIAGNOSTICS

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# CALCIUM (ARSENAZO III) TC MATRIX-240/480

#### INTENDED USE

The test is applied for the quantitative determination of calcium in serum and urine.

#### SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST<sup>1,2,3,4,5,6</sup>

Extraskeletal functions of calcium include playing a role in blood coagulation, neuromuscular transmission, skeletal and cardiac muscle excitability, enzyme activation, and maintenance of cell membrane integrity and permeability. Increased serum calcium levels can also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia can be seen in diseases such as hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

Arsenazo (III) combines with calcium at slight acidic pH to form a blue complex, the absorbance of which is measured at 660 nm. The reaction has high specificity and interference from magnesium must be avoided due to pH.

#### TEST PARAMETERS

Method : Colorimetric, Endpoint, Increasing Reaction

Wavelength : 670 nm (650 - 670 nm)

Linearity : 20 mg/dL

#### REAGENT COMPONENTS

Arsenazo (III)  $: \le 0.2 \text{ mmol}$ Good's buffer  $: \le 50 \text{ mmol}$ 

pH 6.8 Stabilizers

## REAGENT PREPARATION

No preparation is required.

# REAGENT STORAGE AND STABILITY<sup>7</sup>

Reagents are stable at 2-8°C until the expiration date stated on the label which is only for closed vials.

Once opened vials are stable for 30 days at 2-8°C in optimum conditions. On board stability is strongly related to auto analyzers' cooling specification and carry-over values.

Reference interval has been verified by using Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) EP25-A protocol

## **SAMPLE**

Serum is collected according to the standard procedure. Do not use citrate, oxalate and EDTA as anticoagulant. Total calcium is stable for:

7 days at 20-25°C,

3 weeks at 2-8°C,

8 months at -20°C.

Urine specimens must be collected in a 20-30 mL bottles containing 6 mol/L HCl (for 1-2 mL urine) for 24 hour sampling in order to prevent calcium salt precipitation. Urine is stable for:

2 days at 20-25°C,

4 days at 2-8°C,

3 weeks at -20°C.

## **Unit Conversion:**

 $mg/dL \times 0.2495 = mmol/L$ 

# REFERENCE INTERVAL (NORMAL VALUES) 8

Serum/Plasma : 8.5 - 10.5 mg/dL Urine : 100 - 250 mg/24 hour

It is recommended that each laboratory establish its own normal range.

Reference interval has been verified by using CLSI EP28-A3c protocol.

## QUALITY CONTROL AND CALIBRATION

Commercially available control material with established values determined by this method may be used:

The assay requires the use of an Auto Calibrator.

#### **Calibration Study:**

It strongly depends on the application characteristics of in-use auto analyzer and capacity of cooling. Calibration stability is 15 days.

Serum traceability is provided by SRM 956 material. Each laboratory should establish its own internal Quality Control scheme and procedures for corrective and preventive action if controls do not recover within the acceptable tolerances.

Daily Quality control testing is recommended. Calibration is not recommended if quality control values are acceptable. Reagent should be calibrated after lot changes.

## **PROCEDURES**

#### Settings for TC-Matrix 240/480

Test Name:	Ca	R1:	200
Full Name:	Calcium	R2:	0
Pri. Wave:	670 nm	Sample Volume:	2.0
Sec. Wave:	700 nm	Calibration Type:	2 point linear
Assay/ Point:	1 Point end	K Value:	/
Start - End:	1 - 18	Point:	2
Decimal place:	2	Blank Type:	Reagent
Unit:	mg/dL	Point 0 (Blank) Con	: 0.0
Linearity Range:	2.0000 - 20.0000	Point 1 (STD) Con.:	Calibrator/
Correlation Factor:	1.0000 - 0.0000		standard

#### PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Limit of Detection (LoD):** The limit of detection for serum and urine is 0.5 mg/dL.

**Limit of Quantitation (LoQ)** [LoQ values are based on Coefficient of Variation Percentage (CV)%] $^9: \le 20\%$  It is 1.5 mg/dL for serum and urine.

LoD and LoQ values have been verified by using CLSI EP17-A protocol.

**High Linearity:** The assay is linear up to 20 mg/dL for serum and urine. For values above high linearity, dilute sample with 0.9% saline, repeat the test and multiply the result by the dilution factor.

Linearity may vary considerably depending on the instrument used.

#### **Precision Studies:** 10

## Repeatability (Within Run)

Mean Concentration	SD*	CV%	n
9.14 mg/dL	0.35	3.86	40
12.40 mg/dL	0.11	0.90	40

# Reproducibility (Day-to-Day Run)

Mean Concentration	SD*	CV%	n
8.62 mg/dL	0.35	4.05	84
12.61 mg/dL	0.47	3.73	84

\*SD: Standard Deviation

\*CV: Coefficient of Variation

Deviations of  $\pm 10\%$  CV% between devices may be observed. Precision Studies data have been verified by using CLSI EP05-A3 protocol.

# Method Comparison:11, 12

Correlation with a comparative method is: r= 0.993

According to Passing-Bablok Fit:

Slope: 1.17 Intercept: -2.08

# **INTERFERNCE:** 4,5,6,13

No significant interference was observed for hemoglobin, conjugated bilirubin, lipemia up to the interferent concentration given.

Interferant and Concentration	Calcium Target (mg/dL)	N	%Observed Recovery
Hemoglobin 1260 mg/dL	8.48	3	101
Bilirubin 48.3 mg/dL	7.97	3	105
Lipemi 1650.6 mg/dL	8.72	3	108

The acceptable interference limit is set 10% below the highest interference concentration within  $\pm\,10\%$  recovery of the target.

Interferences may affect the results due to medication or endogenous substances.

These performance characteristics have been obtained by using an analyzer. Results may vary if a different instrument or a manual procedure is used.

#### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

IVD: For in Vitro Diagnostic use only.Do not use expired reagents. Reagents with two different lot numbers should not beinterchanged. For professional use.

Follow Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) guidelines. CAUTION: Human source samples are processed with this product. All human source samples must be treated as potentially infectious materials and must be handled inaccordance with OSHA standards.

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## C504-TC2/TC4: 11/2023

Manufactured by:

